

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

MILKMAID
STERILIZED
NATURAL
MILK
IS
PURE FRESH
COWS MILK

No. 16,094

號三月二十年四十百九千壹英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1914.

寅甲戌年三國民華中

PRICE, 88.00 Per Month

THORNE'S

No. 4,
OLD VAT
SCOTCH
WHISKY.

As supplied to the House
of Lords and House of Com-
mons.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS
ALEXANDRA BUILDING, HONGKONG.

A NEW KIND OF GAME.

Shooting Black Eagles on the Continent.

Mr. A. H. Pervoz writes to a Ceylon
friend—

My brother Ted, two of our nephews
and myself have acquired part of the
shooting rights over a large preserve of
Black Eagles ("Falco" mullis) on the
Continent. We learn from friends
who have already started shooting that
the present is a wonderful year for these
birds, that in point of numbers they
easily beat any previous record and that,
since all "close season" restrictions
have been removed, the shoot is likely
to last till well into next year. As you
probably know, these Black Eagles are
not of much use for the table, being in
fact considered, by opinion, as lacking in
both taste and culture, but they never-
theless afford excellent sport either on
the wing or when stalked. Just at present,
we learn, they are very wild, and in
one district at least have taken to perching
in trees, but in fields where they are
plentiful they have the reputation of
being "runners," which of course
makes more difficult shooting. As I have
never yet had a "go" at this sport and
will probably never have another chance
as the owners of the land have decided
to exterminate what they now consider
vermin, you will understand how eagerly
all four of us are looking forward to it.
As there are no shooting lodges available
we intend camping out most of the time
and in view of the roughness of the
country, we are each taking a well-
trained horse and expect to do some of
our shooting from the saddle. To our
friends hereabouts we are known as
"The Essex Yomahs" and of course
you are proud of the title. I will endeavor
to let you know how we get on,
though I understand the postal arrange-
ments over there do not come up to our
British ideas (or even the Ceylon idea)
of postal efficiency.

"GREATEST CRIME IN HISTORY."

Dr. Meyer on the Agony of
Belgium.

Dr. F. B. Meyer, in his address at a
daily intercessory service in the City Tem-
ple, said that, like Abraham viewing the
destruction of the cities of the plain, they
stood watching in dismay the sinking of
the fair Belgium land, and especially the
shellings of Antwerp.

"It seems to me," said Dr. Meyer,
"we are witnessing the perpetration of
the greatest crime in history, certainly
the greatest crime within the annals of
modern history."

"I think it will go down in history as
comparable only to the sack and fall and
burning of Jerusalem or the ruthless ravages
of the Middle Ages."

"We do not know whether to express
more our sympathy with the fleeing
population, especially the innocent and
simple villagers who can hardly know
the cause for which their homes are being
despoiled, or our indignation for those
people who are treating thus the land
whose only crime is that its people desire
to preserve its soil from the intruding
foot of the invader. That it seems to
me is the only cause for which Belgium
is being overrun and devastated."

This war was spoken of as Armageddon,
but though this was not the Armageddon
connected with the Hebrew story they
were apparently witnessing the conclusion
of one of those great crises in the history of
mankind.

The world would not be destroyed now,
but the age would, like other ages which
had passed before—ages measured by
centuries and thousands of years, the age
of the patriarchs, the age of the Kings, the
age of the Gentiles, introduced by the
Babylonian Empire, and lastly, through
the Media-Persian, Grecian, and Roman
types of Empire to the present hour when
the seal was being broken upon another era.
It was because they realized this was the
break up of a great era and introduction of
a new one that they could look out without
dismay for the history of mankind, though
with a great pity and sympathy for those
who were the immediate sufferers.

A GERM DESTROYER.

THERE is no danger whatever from
a look jaw or blood poison resulting
from a wound when Chamberlain's Pain
Exposer is promptly applied. It is an antiseptic
and destroys the germs which cause
these diseases. It also causes wounds to
heal without maturation and in one third
the time required by the usual treatment.
For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MILKMAID
EVAPORATED MILK



(Gold printed label)
UNSWEETENED, FOR TEA, COFFEE, FRUIT &c.
ON SALE AT ALL STORES.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG
THURSDAY, 3rd DECEMBER.

8 A.M. 'HONAM.' 5 P.M. 'KINSHAN.'
5 P.M. 'FATSHAN.' 8 P.M. 'SUI AN.'

FRIDAY, 4th DECEMBER.

8 A.M. 'KINSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'HONAM.'
5 P.M. 'SUI AN.' 8 P.M. 'FATSHAN.'

Single Fare by Night Steamer \$ 6.00
Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by day Steamer) 10.00
Single Fare by Day Steamer 4.00
Return Fare by Day Steamer 8.00

The attention of the travelling Public is drawn to the comfort afforded by the
Companies' vessels. Passengers arriving by Night Steamers from Canton (due at
Hongkong about 11 p.m.) are permitted to sleep on board till next morning without
extra charge. Electric fans and electric light are available all night.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. 'SUI TAI' S.S. 'TAI SHAN'
HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.
Sundays, at 8 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 1.30 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 1.30 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 6th DECEMBER.

The Company's new Steamship "TAISHAN,"
will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 8 A.M.
and return from Macao at 1.30 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at
7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street
Wharf.

FARES AS USUAL.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. 'HOISANG.'

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M.
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 P.M.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. 'SAINAM,' 583 Tons, and S.S. 'NANSING,' 565 Tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday
and Friday, at about 5 A.M. and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the
days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to
Hongkong on 'rice' vessels by the Company's direct Steamers 'LINTAN' and
'SANTU.' These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted
throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HOTEL MANSIONS (First Floor).

Opposite the Blake Pier.

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE Position of COMPRADORE to the
above CLUB will become VACANT
shortly. Applications for same should be
made to the Undersigned.

JAMES CRAIK.

Secretary.

Hongkong, Nov. 28, 1914. 1249

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1850.

IRON, STEEL, METAL and HARD
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale
and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and
Foundry Coke Importers. General Store-
keepers and Shipchangers. Nos. 30 and
37, HING LOOKE STREET, (2nd Street, west
of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.
Hongkong, September 4, 1912.

DON'T Forget after the 'Khow, Sapper,
and Light Refreshments.

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

Open Till Midnight.

CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL IMPORT &
EXPORT.

CANTON

LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL
STORE.

FURNITURE, Drapery, Groceries,
Shoe and Shoe.
Factors of Jewellery, Lacquered,
Grocery Ware.

Ironmongery, Wine and Spirits.

Foreign Clothes for gentlemen made to
order by our own tailors.

Large assortment of Chinese Silks and
Foreign Goods of every description.

All goods sold at reasonable Prices.

The Cheapest and Best place in Canton &
Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign
Goods.

509 PAT POO STREET,
CANTON.

Tel. No. 1406.

Nos. 227, 229, Des Voeux Road
and No. 120, Connaught Road Central,
Tel. No. 811, Hongkong.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND
ENGINEERING CO. OF
HONGKONG, LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS. BOILERMAKERS, FORGE-
MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,
ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.

Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway
Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK 787' x 88' x 3.8'

Pumps empty Dock in 2-3/4 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 1,000 tons displacement,
providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES
throughout the Shops ranging up to 100 Tons.
50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR—

JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 150 H.P.

As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,
LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION.

MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, etc.

Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the
Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address—TAIKOODOCK.

TELEPHONE No. 212

MEE CHEUNG

ART PHOTOGRAPHER.

CHILDREN'S PHOTOS

A

SPECIALITY.

NOTE ADDRESS

ICE HOUSE HONGKONG

LIPTONS

No. 1 Tea 95 cts. per lb. Foochow Buds 80 cts. per lb.

Our own Special Blend of India & China Teas.

85 cts. per lb.

Roasted & Ground daily the best Java Coffee

75 cts. per lb.

For absolutely the best Cup of Tea, Coffee, Cocoa; also Scones, Cakes, etc.
procureable in Hongkong—to be obtained only at

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE.

LADIES CLOAK ROOM.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART

MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL

ADJACENTLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the mainway. Terraces, 1,400 feet above Sea Level

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-Class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms.

Roof Garden.

Terms—From 25 per day Max.

Telegraph Address: 'Peacofal'

F. O. PEUSTER

Manager.

GRAND HOTEL.

A FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL, most central location within
the vicinity of all the principal Banks.

Noted for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodations and Cleanliness. Cuisine
under European Supervision. A First Class string Orchestra renders selections from
5.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping people.

For further particulars apply—

Telephone 197.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "COMFORT"

Manager.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

Portland Cement

In Casks of 75 lbs. net.

In Bags of 25 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS

Cruickshank's Cough Remedy.

A VALUABLE REMEDY FOR COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA AND
ALL DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

PRICE \$1.00 Per Bottle.

Martin's Mixture.

A SPECIFIC FOR INFLUENZA, RAY FEVER,
COLD IN THE HEAD.

PRICE \$1.00 Per Bottle.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

HONGKONG TURKISH BATH & TOILET CO., LD.

NOW OPEN

LADIES DAYS MONDAYS AND TUESDAYS

CHARGES—

Turkish Bath \$3

Electric Bath 3

Complete Body Massage 3

Simple Bath 75 cts.

FOR MEDICAL BATH DOCTORS' PRESCRIPTION WANTED.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR VOLUNTEERS.

15 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. J. O. SOPIESS, Manager.

"MUMEXA."

"While-you-wait" Photography.

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH
IN AN HOUR.

Special terms 30% reduction for Volunteers
and all men in uniform.

No. 8, Queen's Road Central.

TELE. No. 254.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED.)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILERMAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two Shipyards and can accommodate any craft
of 200 tons.

Town Office, 45, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 406.
Shipyards, SHUN SUI FO, Kowloon, HONGKONG. Telephone No. K. 9.
Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE

BRITISH MADE



"BOURNVILLE COCOA" represents the
highest grade of nutritive cocoa preparation
the market; it fully maintains its high reputa-
tion in food value and delicacy of flavour, and
is second to none in any respect whatsoever."
Medical Magazine, March 1912.

The Bournville Factory, Bournville, England.

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes

Specially Packed for Export

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1907.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.
ESTABLISHED 72 YEARS.
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS & PERFUMERS,
BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

WATSON'S EFFERVESCENT LIVER SALT.

This Valuable Preparation speedily relieves Biliousness, Sickheadache and all derangements of the Stomach. It purifies the Blood by imparting the natural saline elements necessary to a healthy and vigorous condition.

WATSON'S CELEBRATED COLD CURE TABLETS.

Give immediate relief and a speedy cure. Invaluable for Cold in the head, Influenza and Neuralgia.

**WM. Powell
LTD.**

TELEPHONE 346.

JUST RECEIVED

LATEST CREATIONS

GENTLEMEN'S FANCY

CASHMERE

HALF HOSE.

CALL AND SEE THEM

WM. POWELL LTD.

HIGHOLASS

GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY.

THE DIARY.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY.

Second Series of War Pictures at Victoria Theatre.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

General Memoranda.

SATURDAY, December 5—

H.K.C.C. at Home to Civil Service.

11 a.m.—Auction of Boots and Shoes, Cigars etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

SUNDAY, December 6—

Field Day for H.K.V.R.

8 a.m.—Excursion to Macau.

MONDAY, December 7—

2.45 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture at 3 Minden Row, Kowloon.

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY,

C. KAMMING & Co., Ltd.

Chemists and Druggists.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY DISPENSED.

Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, &c.

2X, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, July 21, 1914.

machinery to be applied within reasonable limits of weight, and therefore to augment speed without making too great a sacrifice of other elements of design. It has, too, made it possible for ships cruising at low speed to spring, like a dog from the leash, to the highest rate of movement in the shortest possible time.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

On the back page of this issue will be found some interesting news items.

The United States flag was hoisted on the prize ship Rio Tinto yesterday morning.

A patriotic Chinese are still arriving from the Straits. The Tosa Maru brought 282 yesterday.

A Chinese billiard player, residing at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, complains that some person has stolen from his room articles to the value of \$10.

A shopkeeper of 198 Shaukiwan East reports to the Police that some person entered his house through the back door and stole various articles, the value of which is about \$30.

Messrs. Munnery & Co. have on sale some excellent flash-light photographs of the Tableau at the City Hall on the occasion of the St. Andrew's Convent. We are informed that half the proceeds of the sale of the photographs will be devoted to the Prince of Wales' Fund.

Detective A. Clark charged three Chinese with gambling, before Mr. Hazell this morning. Defendants pleaded guilty and were fined \$30 or seven days each. The officer added that most of the gamblers had escaped before the Police got into the house.

A Chinese dentist, of 2 D'Almeida Street, has reported to the Police that while his daughter, aged 7 years, was purchasing fruit from a stall in D'Almeida Street she was accosted by a man who enticed her away on the pretence of buying her some ground nuts. On turning to go, the man took the little girl's pair of gold-mounted rattan bangles and ran away.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Several local residents returned to the Colony today by the "Yeo Maru." The list of passengers will be found on page 8.

Mr. George R. Edwards, Secretary of the United Asbestos Company, returned to the Colony yesterday from England by the Hiram Maru.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Samuel Smith, Captain of the Naval tug Cherub, who passed away at the Naval Hospital yesterday after a short illness. Deceased, who was a native of Ayr, and has resided in Hongkong about 19 years, leaves a widow at home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Weill and family returned yesterday by the Hiram Maru from Paris. Mr. Weill, who is manager of Senot Freres local branch, was called to the colony while in France, but was granted exemption, we believe, on medical grounds.

Messrs E. W. Evers (Messrs Watson and Co.) and Mr. A. F. Briggs ("South China Morning Post") who are leaving the Colony to join Kitchener's Army, were entertained at a farewell dinner by a few of their many friends at the King Edward Hotel last evening.

MR. GEO. EDWARDS RELEASED.

Describes His Treatment in Germany.

I had an interview, says a correspondent of the "Daily Chronicle," at the Hague, with Mr. George Edwards, the well-known London theatrical manager, at his hotel. He was looking well and bronzed after his four months' sojourn at Naumburg; but his heart complaint from which he suffers compels him to take great care of himself.

He told me that he dislikes the Germans most heartily. "You have no idea of their cruelty," he said. "They murdered a British Admiral, 65 years of age, who is suffering from heart disease, off to prison." Mr. Edwards himself was only released after two months' detention because Sir Edward (they found a way to exchange him for a German prisoner in England). The German authorities sent him round by way of Rotterdam and Berne into the Netherlands, the journey occupying two days. "I thought it would kill me," he added, with a wince.

When Mr. Edwards left there were still 55 English people in Naumburg. As the hotels were closed, he and others lived in villas.

THE CHILDREN'S COLDS.

WITH the children's colds, and the business and habits of the Hongkong branch of the Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it is perfectly safe. It has been tested by chemists and pronounced free from injurious substances and opium, but a trifling for sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

ALIEN ENEMY'S AFFAIRS.

New Legislation.

A meeting of the Legislative Council was held this afternoon. His Excellency the Governor, Sir H. F. May, K.C.M.G., presiding. Others present were:—H. E. the General Officer Commanding the Troops, Major-General F. H. Kitchener, C.B.

Hon. Colonial Secretary, Mr. CLARKE.

Hon. Colonial Treasurer, Mr. E. D. C. WOLFE.

Hon. Attorney General, Mr. J. H. KEMP.

Hon. Director of Public Works, Mr. F. H. CHURCHILL.

Hon. Capt. Supdt. of Police, Mr. C. McI. MURPHY.

Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Mr. E. H. HALLIDAY.

Hon. Mr. H. E. POLLOCK, K.C.

Hon. Mr. DAVID LINDALE.

Hon. Mr. E. A. HAWART, C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. E. S. SKEELIN.

Hon. Mr. W. Y. YUK, C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. LAU CHU PAK.

Hon. Mr. J. B. BAZAN, Clerk of Councils.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. VENN.

H. E. the Governor before the ordinary business of the Council was proceeded with, read the following telegram received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies: "I am about to lay before Parliament further correspondence regarding the munition gifts which have so far been offered from the various parts of the Empire and before doing so I desire on behalf of His Majesty's Government again to express their deep gratitude to all who have so generously and in diverse ways both publicly and privately contributed to the requirements of H.M. Government and their Allies for the purpose of alleviating distress caused by the war and bringing it to a successful issue. H. E. the Governor." H. E. the Governor added that he had telegraphed to the Secretary of State informing him of this progress of the fund.

FINANCIAL MINUTES.

The following financial minutes were referred to the Finance Committee for consideration:—H. E. the Governor recommended the Council to vote a sum of \$1,200 in aid of the following votes: Harbour Master's Department: Marine Surveyor's Office, launch: coal, \$280; D. Steam launch, coal, 1,000; \$5,100 in aid of the vote Treasury, A. Treasurer's Office, perpetual annuities, \$12 in aid of the vote Charitable Services, education of certain members of the family of the late Sir Kai Ho Koi, \$4,700 in aid of the vote Public Works, extraordinary, Kowloon, reclamation opposite K.M.L.'s 25-31, Tsimshui, \$6,000 in aid of the vote Public Works, ordinary, Hongkong, Water Works, miscellaneous water works, \$500 in aid of the vote Charitable Services, other charitable allowances, \$15,020 in aid of the following votes: Colonial Secretary's Department and Legislature: Language Study Allowance (Chinese) to uneducated adults, \$600; cost of cabinets, etc., \$20; Miscellaneous Services: Telegraph Services: Telegrams sent and received by Government, \$15,000; \$7,500 in aid of the vote Public Works, extraordinary, Kowloon, maintenance of Praya walls and piers.

ALIEN ENEMY'S AFFAIRS.

The Attorney-General moved the first reading of "An Ordinance to amend the Alien Enemies (Winding up Ordinance 1914) and to provide for the protection of public officers in certain cases." He said that when the original ordinance was introduced it was intended that it would be necessary very shortly, and this Bill was an attempt to deal with certain points which had arisen in connection with its working, requiring to be dealt with without delay. Some amendments were intended merely to make more clear the intention of the principal Ordinance, or to carry out its main intention and spirit more fully. "An alteration" had been made in the definition of "alien enemy" but it was not one of great substance. A clause had been added providing expressly that it shall be unlawful to pay any money or part with any property for the benefit of an alien enemy, whether within or out of the colony. It was not an absolute prohibition, but permission for such transactions had to be obtained before they were lawful. The Bill provided also that liquidators shall be able to make use of all property here which may have been employed in connection with any part of the enemy's trade outside the Colony. There might be, for instance, property here which was the subject of a firm's dealings in Canton. It was also expressly provided for greater security that the appointment of a liquidator shall not in any way affect any obligation incurred by the company or of an alien enemy's business immediately before or up to the time of the appointment of the liquidator, nor shall it release in any way the assets of a company or firm from any obligations incurred before the commencement of the winding up. Another provision was that the bankruptcy laws shall be applied to the winding up of firms under this ordinance. The principal ordinance was defective in one respect: it failed to provide for the remuneration to be paid to the liquidator in cases of solvent firms; that had been rectified. Another clause provided that the winding up should be limited to the business and liabilities of the Hongkong branch of the company. Perhaps the most important alteration in the Bill was the provision that the remuneration of the liquidator should be the first claim on the assets. The amendments subsequently held.

THE EWO COTTON DIVIDEND.

Messrs Benjamin and Potts, Share and General Brokers, inform us that they were in receipt this morning of telegraphic advice from their Shanghai office that the Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., have declared a dividend of 24 per cent. for the year ending, 31st Oct., 1914.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Officer by Lieut.-Col. A. Chapman, V.D.

MUSKETRY.

The recruits of all Sections (except Right Section M. G. Co.) who have not fired Part I of the Musketry Course will attend King's Park Range on one of the undermentioned dates.

Saturday, 6th instant, 9.30 p.m.

Sunday, 7th instant, 9.30 a.m.

Officers Commanding Sections will detail sufficient N.C.O.s to assist the Instructor.

REGISTRATION.

Pto. J. K. Jolley is permitted to resign dated 5.12.14.

PARADE.

Parades for to-morrow Friday 4th inst.

DETAILS.

On duty, Scout Company.

Officers on duty Lt. Weill, 2/Lt. Cunningham and 2/Lt. Swire.

Orderly Room, 2/Lt. Swire.

Orderly Officer, Saturday and Sunday, Lieut. Hutchinson.

To furnish Guards Scout Company, Orderly Sergeant to-night, Sergeant Hegarty.

Orderly Sergeant to-morrow, Corp. Shenton.

ALLEGED UNREGISTERED CHINESE SCHOOL.

Mr. Hazell this afternoon heard evidence in the case against Ho Hing Tuon, a schoolmaster charged with conducting an unregistered school, the Yi Tai, at 10 Wyndham Street.

The Crown Solicitor, Mr. P. Hodgson, prosecuted and Mr. Preston, of Messrs. Johnston, Stokes, and Master's office defended.

Mr. Chevalier, Inspector of Schools, said defendant had permission to carry on a normal school until the end of June. The Education Ordinance came into effect on July 1st. Defendant had declared that his school was closed about August 21st and it was entered on the records as having been definitely closed. The notice board was removed. Witness called at the premises on October 1st and found defendant was still carrying on a primary school. He was carrying on a school which was not covered by his school certificate and the certificate issued for a primary school did not correspond with the time table.

Defendant, on oath, said he had been a teacher for 10 years and had managed the Yi Tai school for over 2 years. He applied for license for the school in March last. He was told that the question of a normal class would stand over for the time being. In July he received a letter from the Education Department asking if he would grant a certificate and the certificate issued for a primary school did not correspond with the time table.

The Crown Solicitor observed that the Department had intimated in a letter that the certificate was not granted. Defendant said that he had seen the Director of Education and pointed out that the class had been going on for two years. Defendant had a reply to the effect that he would not be allowed to carry on the normal class, and it was then seized. Defendant said that he had seen the Director of Education and pointed out that the class had been going on for two years. Defendant had a reply to the effect that he would not be allowed to carry on the normal class, and it was then seized.

The case was adjourned until Monday.

was to be retrospective to the date of the original ordinance. The Attorney-General acknowledged the assistance he had received from Members in drafting the amendments.

Hon. Mr. Howett said there seemed to be a considerable amount of doubt as to the point of liquidation in regard to the personal property of aliens internal or external. He believed in certain cases the liquidator had power to seize the personal property of a firm's partners. He also mentioned that there was much valuable furniture, plate etc. left by aliens hurriedly interned; he did not know who was looking after it. Some sailing should be laid down by Government covering these points.

The Attorney-General said the ordinance contemplated the winding up of both business and personal affairs and in every case brought to the notice of the Government a liquidator had been appointed for personal property which required looking after.

Hon. Mr. Howett said he knew cases where nothing had been done in this way and he did not know it was necessary to make representations to the Government. The Bill was taken through its remaining stages and passed with a few amendments made by the Attorney-General.

Proposing the second reading of a Bill to amend the Medical Registration Ordinance 1884, the Attorney-General said the object of the measure was to assimilate the local regulations to those obtaining in the United Kingdom and Hongkong. He did not think that any existing practitioner would be affected by the new law.

The Bill was passed without discussion.

OTHER BILLS.

Bills read a first time were amending bills to the Defence (Sketching Prevention Ordinance, 1895; and the Recreation Grounds Ordinance, 1909).

The objects and reasons clause to the former measure stated that the object of the Bill is to supplement and render more effective the Defence (Sketching Prevention) Ordinance, 1895. In order to avoid any question as to the meaning of the word "sketches," the definition of the word "sketches" was added to the Bill. The negative of a photograph, attempted to make sketches are made, criminal. The application of the Principal Ordinance is somewhat limited and does not include, for example, any naval sketches, nor does it apply to the sketches of ships. The Bill enlarges the scope of the Principal Ordinance in these two respects.

THE ADJOURNMENT.

The Council adjourned for a fortnight. A meeting of the Finance Committee was subsequently held.

WAR NEWS.

GERMAN'S SUICIDE.

"My Native Country Has Disgraced Itself."

A tragic story was told at Ramsgate recently at an inquest on Ernst Kludra, 32, a German, who for many years was a respected tradesman in the town. He had been much worried by the war and on October 29th he was found hanging from a clothes line in a cupboard. He had married an Englishwoman, and it was said that his son, Karl, is serving in the British Navy.

He left the following letter for his wife:

Forgive me, but you will be free. You can get your nationality back. My native country has disgraced itself, and all its people, wherever they are. I am afraid also for Karl. Tell him to be always straight, which I believe he is. I think I have lived to give no offence to anybody. This horror war, I wish it could be avoided for Karl to hear of my doings, so that his mind would be free and he could do his duty.

In a postscript he added:

I shall be sent away, and I cannot bear to leave you. The jury's verdict was "Suicide during temporary insanity," and they expressed great sympathy with the widow. The Coroner remarked that Kludra's feeling that he belonged to a nation which had committed a great international wrong had preyed upon his mind.

A PAGE OF SECRET HISTORY.

German Use of Falsified Documents.

An extremely interesting article on "The Origins of the Present War" is contributed by Sir Valentine Chirol to the new number of the *Quarterly Review*. It traces the consistently warlike tenor of German policy since the day when Wilhelm II. threw over Bismarck and his restricted Continental outlook and assumed the personal guidance of German foreign policy with the intention of making his Empire a "World Power."

The author has no hesitation in attributing to the Emperor himself the responsibility for the present war, as for the menacing and restless attitude of Germany during his reign. At the same time, his opinion was more world-imperial, by brute force has had the support of "not only the whole military caste, but the vast majority of the intellectuals as well as of the commercial and industrial classes." So far from the famous Kruger telegram having been due, as it is sometimes represented, to a momentary personal impulse, the author recalls that on the day after its dispatch Baron Marschall (then Foreign Minister) emphasized to him most strongly that it was a deliberate Government manifesto.

A most remarkable episode, now for the first time made public, was the attempt in the latter stages of the South African war to entrap England into an offensive and defensive alliance which would virtually have committed us to the support of Germany in any attempt to overthrow the Monroe doctrine. This was after the failure of the attempt to form against a combination of the Continental Powers an attempt in which the Kaiser was the prime mover, though he claimed the credit for its frustration when it had failed.

Sir Valentine Chirol describes how he was supplied with falsified documents by the German Foreign Office, and was promised by Prince Biliow that as long as he was Chancellor he would permit no more the vituperation of England by the German Press. As soon as the informal conversations about the proposed treaty were dropped by England the inspired attacks forthwith recommenced, and the promise was repudiated with epigrammatic cynicism. There is an interesting summary of the "reasons for believing that Germany was in any case bent upon war this year."

ARTICLES FROM HONGKONG TO THE FRONT.

Two hundred and eighty-nine garments were sent in this week by the women of Hongkong, Pootung, and Hoihow, and a box of sterilized bandages from the women of Macao. The latter was handed over to the hospital ship which goes home this week.

162 articles have been sent by the courtesy of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes, and Miss Lloyd Thomas, 115, Murray Street, Hoxton, London, for distribution amongst the families of soldiers and sailors at the front and the Belgian refugees.

Madame Flint kindly contributed 2 skirts, 6 winter costumes, 6 winter coats, 7 feather boas and 24 caps.

60 articles were given to the South Wales Borderers and 49 to the members of the Hongkong contingents (amongst them being 12 cardigans and 12 sweaters kindly given by Messrs. Shewan, Tomes, who send home a similar number every week).

A parcel was also sent, through the courtesy of the Hongkong Parcel Express Company, to the War Office, London, to be forwarded to the 2nd Buffs' Royal Sussex regiment now at the front.

"BOBS."

Recall the days of the Mutiny. When India's hosts he helped to free. Recall the days of the Transvaal War. When freedom came to our friend the Boer.

Recall the warnings that he spoke. To save us from the Prussian Yoke. And now at the end his recall. To sorrow's blow to Britain all. In hardship, sickness, and in grief. He duty called; that was his brief. Rich in honour and rich in years. He leaves behind an Empire's tears.

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THE HONGKONG GYM-KHANA CLUB.

The programme of the fifth meeting to be held at Happy Valley on Saturday next is as follows:—

1.—2.45 p.m.—Five Furlong Race. Mr. Heuston's Joss Mighty, 151lbs. Messrs. Lowe and Hickman's Dunin, 151lbs.

Mr. Blunk's Radium II, 151lbs.

Mr. H. P. White's Annun Ra, 150lbs.

Mr. L. R. Sedgwick's Pegasus, 147lbs.

Dr. Forsyth's Lindsey G., 147lbs.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE WAR.

LATEST NEWS FROM FRANCE
AND BELGIUM.THE FIGHTING IN THE
EASTERN THEATRE.THE KING AT THE BRITISH
HEADQUARTERS.

CONTINUED PROGRESS OF THE ALLIES.

LONDON, Dec. 2, 5.5 p.m.

A Paris *communiqué* states: Southward of Ypres an attack upon a German trench, won by us during the day, was repulsed. Our artillery damaged a group of three batteries of large calibre at Venenelles. Our troops in a brilliant attack took the Chateau Vermelles, its park, two houses in the village and some trenches. There has been a lively cannonade at Fay and Vendresse. Craonne has been violently bombarded; our artillery successfully replied, destroying a battery. We repulsed a German attack on Fontaine-Madame, and in the Argonne district we also made some progress, taking a trench and a small earthwork. There is nothing to report from the heights of the Meuse, the Woëvre and the Vosges.

Havas Telegram, Dec. 1, 5.45 p.m.

In Belgium cannonading was brisk enough, but there was no German infantry attack. The enemy continues to show greater activity North of Arras and in the Aisne region. Intermittent cannonading prevailed on the whole front. In Argonne fighting is proceeding and the situation is unchanged. In the Woëvre and Vosges districts nothing is reported. The King of England is visiting the actual front.

(Official Telegram from French Government via Peking.)

On the 30th November in Belgium there was very brisk cannonading but without a single infantry attack. A cannonade was directed against Arras and the surrounding district. In Belgium an intermittent cannonade prevailed.

GERMANY APOLOGISES TO PORTUGAL.

LONDON, Dec. 2, 7.10 p.m.

Reuter understands that Germany has apologised to Portugal for the invasion of Angola.

KING GEORGE'S VISIT TO THE BRITISH HEADQUARTERS.

LONDON, Dec. 2, 4.40 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent in Paris telegraphs that intense enthusiasm prevails in northern France. His Majesty King George and President Poincaré visited the British forces and motored thither amidst the joyous cheers of the populace.

Afterwards His Majesty gave a dinner at the British Headquarters. It was an historic gathering and included President Poincaré, Premier Viviani, Generalissimo Joffre, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, Field Marshal Sir John French and General Dupuy de Lôme.

When His Majesty and President Poincaré met they had a long and most cordial conversation and minutely inspected the means of supplying provisions to the army.

(Telegrams from the British Foreign Office.)

SPLENDID TRIBUTE TO THE BRITISH ARMY.

In his recent Despatch Sir John French said the courage and tenacity of the British troops in unparalleled circumstances was beyond all praise. Their dogged defence of Ypres in face of tremendous odds would remain as one of the greatest military achievements of modern times. The Territorial regiments engaged had shown qualities which justified the highest hopes of the Territorial forces as a whole. The Indian troops had shown a marvellous adaptability and resource and by clever ruses had often held at bay superior enemy forces. The co-operation between the British and French testified to the mutual goodwill and appreciation existing between the two armies.

PRINCE OF WALES' FUND.

Four Million Sterling Subscribed.

LONDON, Dec. 2, 5.40 p.m.

The Prince of Wales' Fund for the relief of suffering caused by the war has reached four million pounds sterling.

SERBIA'S CRITICAL SITUATION.

Belgrade Extricated.

LONDON, Dec. 2, 5.40 p.m.

The situation in Serbia is critical. It is reported that Belgrade has been evacuated and that communication between Belgrade and Nish is interrupted.

An official report from Nish states that sanguinary fighting has occurred at Sonvodor. The enemy, in great force, succeeded in occupying two important positions. On the same day, however, the Serbians had brilliant success at Lazarevatz and have now taken over two thousand prisoners there.

THE FIGHTING IN POLAND.

The German Version.

LONDON, Dec. 2, 2.35 a.m.

The first admission that the Germans in Poland had been cut off is contained in a Berlin *communiqué* issued last evening.

It says that a portion of the German Army east of Lodz while attacking the right flank and rear of the Russians was seriously threatened on its own rear by strong Russian reinforcements from the East and South.

The Germans retreated and in a fierce battle, lasting three days, broke through the Russian line, capturing 12,000 prisoners and 25 guns without themselves losing a single gun.

The German losses, the *communiqué* adds, were naturally not light, but they were not colossal.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Russian Version.

LONDON, Dec. 2, 4.55 a.m.

An official statement issued at Petrograd says:—The enemy in the district of Lowicz on Monday directed attacks on our Brezhy-Sobota front.

Our offensive north of Lowicz was successful. Action in the Lodz district was confined to cannonading and reconnaissance.

Our Left Wing discovered a concentration of the enemy from Kalisz towards Sieradz, the result of reinforcements brought by train from the west.

The enemy on Monday attacked from Sieradz and our vanguards were engaged in a desperate battle all day in the region of Laska.

We took measures to meet the new situation, captured Sieradz, and put a brigade of Prussian Guards and five batteries to flight.

We have captured at Plock (on the Vistula) five steamers and five barges laden with stores and munitions.

GREAT BRITAIN'S USE OF
INDIAN TROOPS IN WAR.

The article reproduced here is by Alfred Edward Woodley Mason, M.A., M.P., book, "The Broken Road," was pronounced by Lord Curzon to be one of the finest studies ever written about India. He is a former member of the House of Commons and one of the most distinguished of living novelists. Hundreds of thousands of copies of his works have been sold in the United States. He was born in 1865 and was educated at Dulwich and at Trinity College, Oxford. In 1909 he was elected to Parliament and set for Coventry for four years. In politics he is a Liberal.

It is usually dangerous to lay down general rules, since exceptions are apt to give them a double edge. But here is one which is undeniable. In the conduct of a great war, a war of life and death, as this is on which we are engaged, combatants must wage it with two paramount considerations in their thoughts: the law of nations and the solidarity of their own people or empire.

How to fight so that at the end when peace is declared we shall emerge with the respect of the world and our empire more one than in the past—that is the great problem. There is a third, however, not to be lost sight of, how to avoid offending the susceptibilities of neutral and friendly nations.

OTHER INSTANCES.

With regard to the law of nations, the employment of our Indian troops is in order and has many precedents. The French used their Turcs in 1870, and are again using them in 1914. The United States used their negro troops in Cuba, and would no doubt use them again were the United States to come into conflict with any other country; and for precisely the same reason which makes us use the Indian troops. They are citizens of the country. Readers of the *Broken Road*, "Germany and the Next War," will recollect that he, without a word of condemnation, in estimating the armies which can be brought into line on both sides, contemplates the use of negro Tunisian and Moroccan soldiers by the French, and of the Indian army by the British.

Moreover, the eager attempts of Germany to secure Turkey as its ally are clear evidence of how they regard the matter; and it is to be remembered that the Asiatic troops of Turkey cannot for one moment compare in courage or valour with the Calcutta and the Bengal troops from India, who are after all of Aryan stock and the same parentage as ourselves.

CIVILIZATION OF A HIGH ORDER.

While those who are afraid that the Allies' movements will be marked by the outrages and devastation which stained the German name may consider that the permission now given to India to serve alongside with the British troops in fighting for the empire—a permission often sought before in vain and now had with an intense enthusiasm from the hills in the north to the sea—would in itself be a compelling incitement to correct behaviour were such an excitement needed.

But it is not. The civilization of India is of a high order. The Indians are British citizens, not a subject race. The work now being done in the Philippines by the United States in the way of throwing open public office to the natives has been going on for many decades in India. Judges of the High Court may and do come from the same people who are fighting in the ranks of the Bengal Lancers in France. The natives judge like other men by work, ability, etc., and try Englishmen who have offended against the laws. "You are fit for all the duties of citizenship, but we deny you the supreme prerogative of defending them."

The feeling of India is to be taken into consideration. It is not merely the Rajahs and what one may call the fighting races that are enthusiastic. The Indian National Congress, a body which works for the establishment of an Indian Parliament and has great influence, sent a deputation to England to assure that India was convinced that its future welfare is bound up with the welfare of the British people; while in Bombay and other cities similar assurances of unwavering fealty have been given. And, naturally, once more the German historians speak to the point with a force they had not foreseen.

ALL INDIA IS READY. One of the causes of Trotsky's contempt for the English race was that we had created no religion to impose upon the Indian races. The English belief in liberty in each matter, and it is not astonishing that the whole of India, including men even who have been deported for revolutionary offences, have been ready to follow the cry expressed in the telegram of the Maharajah of Rewa to the King: "What orders, Sir, for me and my troops?"

We have a difficult problem to solve in India, and this step takes of retarding side with as these men of ancient lineage, tried courage and high civilization will no doubt help to solve them afterwards. Thus, looked upon from the three points of view enumerated the action of the British Government in using Indian troops in the European war is justified.

THE NAVAL FIGHT OFF
VALPARAISO.

Detailed Account.

London, Nov. 10, 1914 a.m.—The report of H. M. S. Glasgow on the Chile fight is as follows: The Glasgow left Coronel at nine in the morning of Nov. 1 to join the Good Hope, Monmouth and Otranto at their rendezvous. The Good Hope signalled at two in the afternoon that apparently from wireless calls there was an enemy ship to the northward. The squadron was ordered to spread to the north east by east at speed fifteen knots. Smoke was seen at 4.20 p.m. and proved to be that of three enemy ships. Our ships concentrated on the Good Hope which was sighted at five in the afternoon. The squadron forty seven minutes later formed line ahead.

The enemy who turned south were in single line ahead twelve miles off, the Scharnhorst and Gneisenau leading. At 6.15 p.m. speed was ordered to seventeen knots and the Good Hope signalled to the Canopus "I am going to attack the enemy now." The enemy was now fifteen thousand yards away and maintained this range at the same time jamming wireless signals (7). The sun was now setting immediately behind us and while it remained above the horizon we had advantage in the fight but the range was too great. The sun set about 6.50 p.m. and the visibility conditions altered, our ships being silhouetted against the afterglow whilst the falling light made it difficult to see the enemy who opened fire at 7.3 p.m. at twelve thousand yards followed in quick succession by the Good Hope, Monmouth and Glasgow. The two squadrons were now converging and each ship engaged the opposite number in the line. The growing darkness and a heavy spray from a head sea made firing difficult particularly for the main stock guns of the Good Hope and Monmouth. The enemy, three salvoes, quickly got the range and their third salvo caused fire to break out on the forepart of both ships (Monmouth and Good Hope) which were constantly on fire till 7.45 p.m.; an immense collision occurred at 7.50 p.m. and ships of the Good Hope and flames shot up two hundred feet high. Total destruction must have followed. It was now quite dark and both sides continued firing at the flashes of the opposing guns. The Monmouth was badly down by the head and turned to starboard to sea signalling the Glasgow to this effect. At 8.30 p.m. the Glasgow signalled the Monmouth "The enemy is following us" but received no reply. Under the dim moon the enemy's ships were not seen approaching and as the Glasgow was unable to assist the Monmouth, she continued at full speed to avoid destruction. At 8.50 p.m. she lost sight of the enemy but half an hour later observed 75 flashes of fire which no doubt was the final attack on the Monmouth. Nothing could be more admirable than the conduct of officers and men though it was most trying to receive a great volume of fire without a chance of returning it adequately. All kept perfectly cool and there was no wild firing. Discipline was the same as at battle practice and when the target ceased to be visible the gunners spontaneously ceased fire.—S. F. P.

LESSON OF BIG GUNS.

Fortresses Not Impregnable.

All France to day salutes the latest bit of Belgian heroism and self sacrifice in a cause which the larger nations have made their own. The Press is unanimous in promising King Albert and his people that their losses shall be repaid and their resolute courage for ever remembered. The military lesson generally drawn from the fall of Antwerp is the small value of fixed fortifications in face of the terrific power of modern siege artillery. For the moment the invaluable delay obtained by the forts of Liege is forgotten.

It is the active military force, the army of operations itself, says Lieutenant-Colonel French, which constitutes the safeguard of a nation. As to permanent fortification, so costly and useless, we must decide to get rid of it altogether, and replace it by field works, rapidly and easily made, wherever they are wanted, in and out of being, by resistant material huge projectiles do only insignificant damage.

He added that the Belgian army having been able to disengage itself from a place that was not invested, the Germans will not profit long by their victory.

The "Journal" regards the result of Antwerp as an attempt to counterbalance in the eyes of the German people the coming execution of French territory. It is a sterile victory, and in detaining a large German army it has helped the Allies to advance to the inevitable end.

CHARGE OF THE NAKED.

Surprised Bathers Put Uhlans to Flight.

A number of British cavalry men who had previously repulsed a German attack were enjoying a peaceful game of water polo in the Dnieper, but as the enemy were in the vicinity their horses were left harnessed on the banks. Suddenly a packet of German Uhlans was signalled, and the Britishers who had no time to dress, jumped on their horses naked, and charged the enemy who fled.—Exchange.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

DEATH OF ADMIRAL MAHAN.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The death is announced of Admiral Mahan, of the United States Navy, the well-known writer on Naval subjects.

[Admiral Alfred Thayer Mahan retired from the U.S. Navy in 1890 after 40 years' service. He was a most prolific writer and a recognised authority on naval affairs. His chief works were "The Evolution of Asia" (1900) "The Influence of Sea Power Upon History" (1890), "The Interest of America in International Conditions" (1910), "Naval Strategy" (1911) and "Armaments and Arbitration" (1912). At the time of his death Admiral Mahan was sixty-one years of age.—Ed.]

(Wah Tat Yai Po's Service.)

CHINA AND INCOME TAX.

PEKING, Dec. 2.

Hen Sai Ying, the Civil Governor of Fokien, has suggested an Income Tax scheme. The Government is in favour of the tax and suggests that it should first be levied on officials.

ADVISORY COUNCIL.

The Advisory Council chamber will be opened on December 21.

NAVY REFORM.

The proposals of the Naval Department with reference to Navy Reform have been sanctioned by the Government.

LINKING CHINA'S RAILWAYS.

The directors of the Peking-Mukden, Tientsin-Putow, Peking-Hankow, and Peking-Kalgan Railways intend holding a meeting in Shanghai next month for the purpose of considering how best to connect the various railways.

REBELS FROM JAPAN.

Owing to a report that a number of rebels are on their way to China from Japan, the Government has ordered the authorities throughout the Yangtze Valley, to be on the *qui vive*.

SPORTING.

Cricket.

H.K.C.C. v. C.S.C.C.

The following will represent the Hongkong Cricket Club versus the Civil Service Cricket Club on the Hongkong C. C. ground on Saturday, 5th December:—Play commencing at 2 p.m.:—R. Hacock (Capt.), D. E. Donnelly, C. A. Hooper, P. Jacks, R. Kennedy, P. S. Leith Bonnett, W. Manning, M. M. Mass, S. S. Moore, T. E. Pearce and R. A. Stokes.

ENTERTAINING THE
SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

By the kindly thoughtfulness of H.E. the Governor, Sir Francis May, K.C.M.G., the rank and file of the South Wales Borderers and the sailors of H.M.S. Triumph, all of whom served at the Siege of Tientsin, were last night entertained at a smoking concert in the City Hall.

The following was the programme.

Band, The Rosary; Song, "The Deathless Army," Mr. W. J. England; Song, "I love a Lass," C. Campbell, M.L.A., S.W.B.; "The Highland Fling," "The Sword Dance," Miss Mary Hyde; Song, "English as she is spoken," Mr. R. Sutherland; Male Quartette, "Scots wha' hae," Messrs. Allan, Gray, Brown and Smith; Song, "A happy married man," Mr. W. A. H. Smith; Song, "The Soldier's Song," "Selected," Mr. H. J. Jones; Duet, "Lullaby Watch," Holmes and Kellerman, H.M.S. Triumph; Song, "The Admirals' Broom," Mr. C. H. F. Hay; Song, "Waltz me around again," Willy, Hon. Mr. C. Stevens; Song, "Master Cohen," Pte. Harlow, S.W.B.; Dance, Strathpey and Reel, St. Andrew's Reel Dancers.

Mr. Geo. Grimble played most of the accompaniment.

At an interval, His Excellency, who was accompanied by Major General Kelly, O.B., and Commodore Anstruther, O.M.G., said he would like them all to know that they in Hongkong were proud of the triumphs of the South Wales Borderers, for the way in which they had fought for the old flag (loud applause). You are very lucky enough to be going westward, where you will get a little more fighting (applause)—and you will take with you a few recruits and officers from this little Far Eastern Colony (Applause).

His Excellency then narrated some amusing stories, which his audience greatly appreciated.

The various items of the programme were also a source of much pleasure, particularly the dancing of Miss Mary Hyde, the clever "Wee Scotch Lassie." She was presented to His Excellency, who shook hands with her, bestowing upon her a paternal kiss and presenting her, amidst great applause, with a big box of chocolates. After the singing of "Tipperary," Colonel Casson said they had all been delighted by a most splendid programme, and he would like to thank His Excellency, and through him, the whole of the Colony for the kindness and hospitality that had been shown toward them, especially that night. The Borderers had played football and hockey in Hongkong, and got a jolly good kicking, when they didn't mind. But they were now going to play another game—"Voices." And win. He did not think their appreciation could be shown in a more effective way than by three good old English cheers.

Cheers were then given for His Excellency and after the singing of the National Anthem, for the King, after which the audience dispersed to the martial strains of "It's a long, long way," etc.

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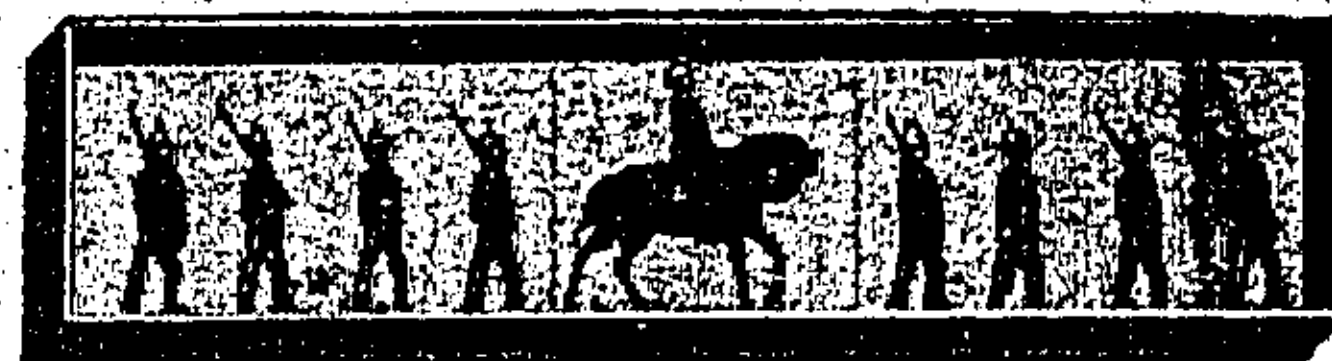
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HONGKONG.

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

MARSEILLES & LONDON.

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR
COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.
THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

Connecting Steamer	Leave YOKOHAMA	Leave SHANGHAI	Leave HONGKONG	Leave COLOMBO	Leave LONDON	Leave LONDON
Nov. 9	Nov. 16	Nov. 20	Nov. 24	Nov. 28	Dec. 1	Dec. 4
Nov. 16	Nov. 23	Nov. 27	Nov. 31	Dec. 5	Dec. 8	Dec. 11
Nov. 23	Nov. 30	Dec. 4	Dec. 8	Dec. 12	Dec. 15	Dec. 18
Nov. 30	Dec. 6	Dec. 10	Dec. 14	Dec. 18	Dec. 21	Dec. 24
Dec. 6	Dec. 13	Dec. 17	Dec. 21	Dec. 25	Dec. 28	Dec. 31
Dec. 13	Dec. 20	Dec. 24	Dec. 28	Jan. 1	Jan. 4	Jan. 7
Dec. 20	Dec. 27	Jan. 1	Jan. 5	Jan. 9	Jan. 12	Jan. 15
Dec. 27	Jan. 3	Jan. 7	Jan. 11	Jan. 15	Jan. 18	Jan. 21
Jan. 3	Jan. 10	Jan. 14	Jan. 18	Jan. 22	Jan. 25	Jan. 28
Jan. 10	Jan. 17	Jan. 21	Jan. 25	Jan. 29	Feb. 1	Feb. 4
Jan. 17	Jan. 24	Jan. 28	Jan. 31	Feb. 4	Feb. 7	Feb. 10
Jan. 24	Jan. 31	Feb. 4	Feb. 8	Feb. 12	Feb. 15	Feb. 18
Jan. 31	Feb. 7	Feb. 11	Feb. 15	Feb. 19	Feb. 22	Feb. 25
Feb. 7	Feb. 14	Feb. 18	Feb. 22	Feb. 26	Feb. 29	Mar. 2
Feb. 14	Feb. 21	Feb. 25	Feb. 29	Mar. 3	Mar. 6	Mar. 9
Feb. 21	Feb. 28	Mar. 3	Mar. 7	Mar. 11	Mar. 14	Mar. 17
Feb. 28	Mar. 5	Mar. 9	Mar. 13	Mar. 17	Mar. 20	Mar. 23
Mar. 5	Mar. 12	Mar. 16	Mar. 20	Mar. 24	Mar. 27	Mar. 30
Mar. 12	Mar. 19	Mar. 23	Mar. 27	Mar. 31	Apr. 3	Apr. 6
Mar. 19	Mar. 26	Mar. 30	Apr. 3	Apr. 7	Apr. 10	Apr. 13
Mar. 26	Apr. 2	Apr. 6	Apr. 10	Apr. 14	Apr. 17	Apr. 20
Apr. 2	Apr. 9	Apr. 13	Apr. 17	Apr. 21	Apr. 24	Apr. 27
Apr. 9	Apr. 16	Apr. 20	Apr. 24	Apr. 28	May 1	May 4
Apr. 16	Apr. 23	Apr. 27	May 1	May 5	May 8	May 11
Apr. 23	Apr. 30	May 4	May 8	May 12	May 15	May 18
Apr. 30	May 6	May 10	May 14	May 18	May 21	May 24
May 6	May 13	May 17	May 21	May 25	May 28	May 31
May 13	May 20	May 24	May 28	Jun. 1	Jun. 4	Jun. 7
May 20	May 27	Jun. 1	Jun. 5	Jun. 9	Jun. 12	Jun. 15
May 27	Jun. 3	Jun. 7	Jun. 11	Jun. 15	Jun. 18	Jun. 21
Jun. 3	Jun. 10	Jun. 14	Jun. 18	Jun. 22	Jun. 25	Jun. 28
Jun. 10	Jun. 17	Jun. 21	Jun. 25	Jun. 29	Jul. 2	Jul. 5
Jun. 17	Jun. 24	Jun. 28	Jul. 2	Jul. 6	Jul. 9	Jul. 12
Jun. 24	Jul. 1	Jul. 5	Jul. 9	Jul. 13	Jul. 16	Jul. 19
Jul. 1	Jul. 8	Jul. 12	Jul. 16	Jul. 20	Jul. 23	Jul. 26
Jul. 8	Jul. 15	Jul. 19	Jul. 23	Jul. 27	Jul. 30	Aug. 2
Jul. 15	Jul. 22	Jul. 26	Jul. 30	Aug. 3	Aug. 6	Aug. 9
Jul. 22	Jul. 29	Aug. 2	Aug. 6	Aug. 10	Aug. 13	Aug. 16
Jul. 29	Aug. 5	Aug. 9	Aug. 13	Aug. 17	Aug. 20	Aug. 23
Aug. 5	Aug. 12	Aug. 16	Aug. 20	Aug. 24	Aug. 27	Aug. 30
Aug. 12	Aug. 19	Aug. 23	Aug. 27	Aug. 31	Sep. 3	Sep. 6
Aug. 19	Aug. 26	Aug. 30	Sep. 3	Sep. 7	Sep. 10	Sep. 13
Aug. 26	Sep. 2	Sep. 6	Sep. 10	Sep. 14	Sep. 17	Sep. 20
Sep. 2	Sep. 9	Sep. 13	Sep. 17	Sep. 21	Sep. 24	Sep. 27
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Sep. 16	Sep. 23	Sep. 27	Sep. 31	Oct. 5	Oct. 8	Oct. 11
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Nov. 17	Nov. 24	Nov. 28	Dec. 2	Dec. 6	Dec. 9	Dec. 12
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Dec. 8	Dec. 15	Dec. 19	Dec. 23	Dec. 27	Dec. 30	Jan. 2
Dec. 15	Dec. 22	Dec. 26	Dec. 30	Jan. 3	Jan. 6	Jan. 9
Dec. 22	Dec. 29	Jan. 2	Jan. 6	Jan. 10	Jan. 13	Jan. 16
Dec. 29	Jan. 5	Jan. 9	Jan. 13	Jan. 17	Jan. 20	Jan. 23
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Jan. 12	Jan. 19	Jan. 23	Jan. 27	Jan. 31	Feb. 3	Feb. 6
Jan. 19	Jan. 26	Jan. 30	Feb. 3	Feb. 7	Feb. 10	Feb. 13
Jan. 26	Feb. 2	Feb. 6	Feb. 10	Feb. 14	Feb. 17	Feb. 20
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Nov. 30	Dec. 6	Dec. 10	Dec. 14	Dec. 18	Dec. 21	Dec. 24
Dec. 6	Dec. 13	Dec. 17	Dec. 21	Dec. 25	Dec. 28	Dec. 31

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